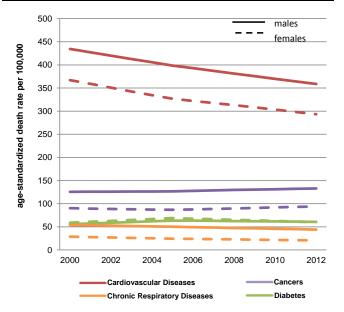
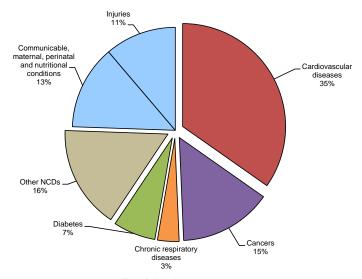
Jordan

Total population: 7 009 000 Income Group: Upper middle Percentage of population living in urban areas: 82.7% Population proportion between ages 30 and 70 years: 35.1%

Age-standardized death rates*



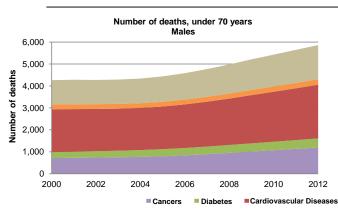


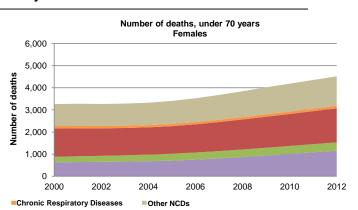


Total deaths: 26,000 NCDs are estimated to account for 76% of total deaths.

Premature mortality due to NCDs*

The probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 years from the 4 main NCDs is 20%.





Adult risk factors				
	males	females	total	
Current tobacco smoking (2011)	47%	6%	26%	
Total alcohol per capita consumption, in litres of pure alcohol (2010)	1.2	0.2	0.7	
Raised blood pressure (2008)	21.1%	16.5%	18.9%	
Obesity (2008)	24.0%	36.4%	30.0%	

National systems response to NCDs		
Has an operational NCD unit/branch or department within the Ministry of Health, or equivalent	No	
Has an operational multisectoral national policy, strategy or action plan that integrates several NCDs and shared risk factors	No	
Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the harmful use of alcohol	Yes	
Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce physical inactivity and/or promote physical activity	Yes	
Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce the burden of tobacco use	Yes	
Has an operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce unhealthy diet and/or promote healthy diets	Yes	
Has evidence-based national guidelines/protocols/standards for the management of major NCDs through a primary care approach	Yes	
Has an NCD surveillance and monitoring system in place to enable reporting against the nine global NCD targets	No	
Has a national, population-based cancer registry	Yes	

The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based

on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)